How to recognize the forms of violence in a loving relationship?

A counsellor from Hommes & Gars and Accalmie can help you see things more clearly.



Warning

The following theme addresses the many forms of violence and how they manifest themselves.

Remember that you are never alone.

There are resources available to help you or a loved one. Some of these are listed at the end of this document.





Violence in relationships is any behaviour that has the effect of harming the development of the other person by compromising their psychological, physical or sexual integrity.

Violence often takes the form of control by one partner over the other.

These elements are the opposite of a healthy, equal relationship.

Anyone can be in an unhealthy relationship, regardless of gender, background, age or sexual orientation. Violence can have many faces. It never has a place in a relationship.



There are resources to help you if you recognize an abusive situation around you.



Physical violence

Physical violence is not just hitting someone. It is the use of physical force to hurt, to frighten and to show superiority.



Hitting Shoving Throwing objects Ripping off clothes Spitting on someone Kicking Squeezing arms

Psychological violence

Psychological violence is subtle, difficult to recognize and yet, it is often the one that hurts the most. It consists of hurting the other person's esteem and confidence through words and gestures.



Controlling each other's actions Disrupting the way they dress Giving threatening looks Making the other person responsible for their problems

Monitoring Pouting Intimidating Harassing

Verbal violence

Verbal abuse is using words to devalue the other person. The goal is to show anger in order to scare or dominate a situation.



Shouting Insulting Belittling Injuring Threatening Raising the tone Ridiculing Blaming

Cyberviolence

Cyberviolence includes all the forms of violence carried out by means of new technologies (internet, cell phones, etc.). It consists in using these different platforms as a way to control, threaten, humiliate or monitor others. When cyberviolences are repeated during several days, several weeks... we call it cyber harassment.



Insist or threated by texting

Checking messages (messenger, text messages, emails) Using, sharing photos or videos without consent Monitor your actions on social networks

Sexual abuse

Sexual abuse is any unwanted sexual behavior by one person towards another.



Forcing the other to have sex, or to watch pornographic material Touching intimate parts of the body without consent Forcing the other person to follow your fantasies Manipulating the other person to obtain sexual favors or to get revenge Forcing the other person to have unprotected sex

Economic violence

The goal of economic violence is to restrict the financial autonomy of the other person in order to better control them. This violence is exercised differently depending on the context and the situation.



Decide on the other's purchases and expenses Taking over the other person's income Ridiculing the other person's salary or job Preventing them from working

Well then... where to start?



It's hard to know how to respond when you are in an abusive situation.

Here are some questions to ask yourself if you suspect abuse in your relationship

Do you feel that the other person is violating on your freedom or disrespecting you?

Have you changed your habits for fear of upsetting the other person?

Is there anything making you uncomfortable in your relationship?

If you have answered yes to any of these questions, it is important that you talk to one person you trust. Remember, you are not alone.

> The resources on the next page are here to help you.



To see more clearly in your romantic relationship :





Preserving our past, building our future





Jeunesse, J'écoute 🔁





The people you trust in your life, school personnel and all these organizations are there to support and inform you at any time.

Maison des jeunes L'Hav-nir 418 937-2597

Maison des jeunes des Iles 418 986-4080

Maison des jeunes de l'Est 418 985-2999 L'Accalmie 418 986-5044

Hommes & Gars 418 986-1811

> CAMI 418 985-2116

Jeunesse, J'écoute 1 800 668-6868

Tel-jeunes 1 800 263-2266

SOS Domestic violence 1 800 363-9010

How to recognize the forms of violence in a loving relationship.

A short questionnaire for you or your loved ones.

Does your partner sometimes :

Humiliates you in private or in public? Discredits your family or friends and prevents you from seeing them?

Uses threats or intimidation against you or someone you know?

Insists on taking control or making decisions in your relationship?



Threatens to use or uses physical violence against you?

(scratching, hitting, slapping, shoving, choking, restraining your movements, squeezing your arms, etc.)

Is jealous and prevents you from doing activities or seeing your friends?

Shares photos or information about you on social networks without your consent?



Constantly asks you where you are and monitors your movements?

Forces you to have sex or agree to certain practices that make you uncomfortable?

Decides what you can and cannot buy?

Hits, destroys things OR hurts your pet to get what they want from you?

Checks your chats and activities on your cell phone, without your consent?

> There are resources to help you if you recognize yourself in one or more of these situations!

This information document was created as part of the **À part entière**, awareness campaign, a collaboration between La Maison d'aide et d'hébergement L'Accalmie, the Hommes & Gars organization and CAMI (Council for Anglophone Magdalen Islanders).

Illustrations and layout - Alexandra Dion-Fortin

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Equality among partners is each of us, in our own right !